

Success story of the world's biggest SAP IBP implementation @Syngenta Matt McCall, Global IBP Lead, Syngenta Nikhil Balkundi, Senior Industry Principal, Infosys Session ID # ASUG 82700

May 7 – 9, 2019

OSUGANNUAL



About the speakers

Matt McCall

- Global Integrated Business Planning Lead at Syngenta
- Canadian, married with 2 children and currently living in Basel
- 18 years of business operations experience in international program management, business planning and forecasting process design, supply chain management, supply planning, and customer service roles
- Professional French Horn Orchestral Musician

Nikhil Balkundi

- Sr. Industry Principal, Infosys. Currently leading SAP IBP Practice at Infosys
- Indian national, happily married, living in Basel, Switzerland for last 12 years. Supply chain consulting experience for 20 years
- Avid Tennis and Cricket fan. Watched all Grand Slam Finals and last 3 cricket world cups in stadium

Key session objectives

1. Share experience of global implementation of IBP S&OP and demand in Syngenta

2. Challenges faced and how we overcame them

3. Important lessons learnt

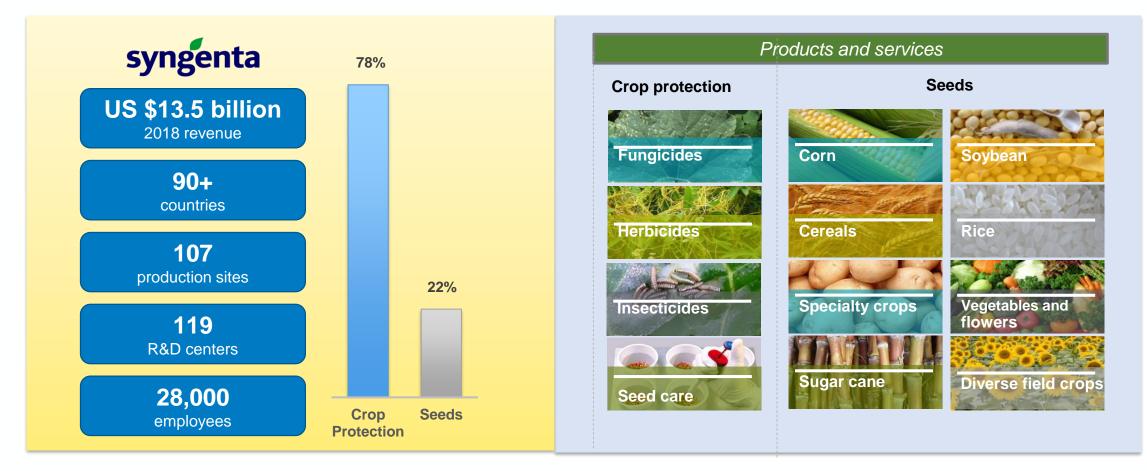




- About Syngenta
- IBP program business case and roadmap
- Target operating model definition
- Technical design and challenges faced
- Business benefits delivered
- Lessons learnt and road ahead



About Syngenta



CISUG

Syngenta business landscape

2 divisions – Seeds and Crop Protection (CP), 5 regions, 17 sales territories and 60 commercial units across 100 countries Business models: B2B, B2C, smallholder, high-channel distribution, agency, and consignment

Supply complexity:

- Long lead times (>12 months for Active Ingredients, 18 months for seed crops)
- Global supply chains for CP, regional/local production networks, 3P tolling (107 sites)
- Capacity campaigned production, competition in-season
- Short in-season transportation and customer demand lead time

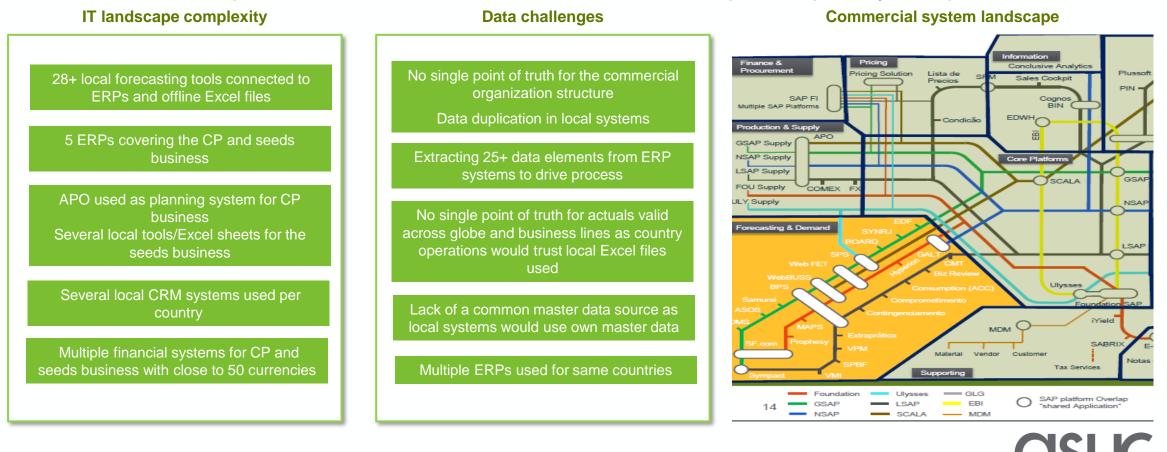
Demand complexity:

- High seasonality driven by crop cycles
- High demand uncertainty from external variables (weather, pest control, regulatory)
- · High cost of lost sales and opportunities
- Short product lifecycles (mainly in Seeds)
- Large product portfolio

High forecast bias + low forecast accuracy = Poor inventory efficiency + poor product allocations and lost sales

Syngenta commercial system landscape

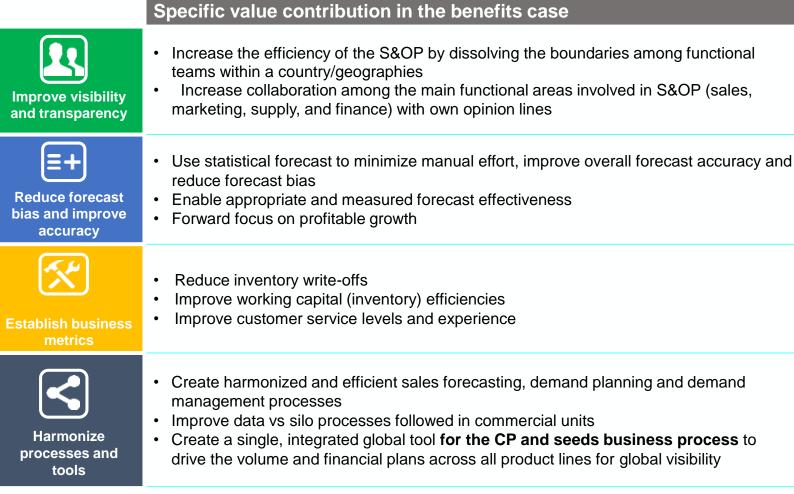
Needed better visibility into demand from commercial units. Fragmented local tools, data and processes led to inefficiencies and poor quality output to S&OP



Syngenta IBP program: Business case

Key drivers for the business case

- Establish a cross-functional and collaborative process that delivers consensus-driven unconstrained and constrained business forecasts in both volume and value supported on SAP IBP platform
- Manage the business with an integrated view of demand and supply to maximize total value
- Reduce IT maintenance costs of more than 28 local forecasting systems
- Increase productivity and efficiency of planning activities





Target operating model: Definition

	Category		Outcomes Expected
Data	 Multiple opinion line per function Facilitate collaboration between sales and marketing. Capture, track and analyze different views Present every user group with a planning view customized to their role for simple, user-friendly and focused views of data 	•	Eliminate forecast bias Faster collaboration
Analytics	 Scenario planning Improve scenario planning with baseline, demand risks and opportunities in volume/value, events Automatically translate volumes into financials and overviews (financial planning) to assess impact of price change on sales 	•	Arrive at most profitable case by checking all scenarios Maximize business outcomes
People	 Organization competency Demand Planner role: Support business forecasting process at the commercial unit level across product lines Demand Manager role: Ensure S&OP decision making and constrained demand plan agreement 	•	Establish a consistent and sustainable process
Automate	 Statistical process set-up Automate forecasts based on historical data Identify and implement the best-fit statistical forecast method 	•	Automate the forecasting process
Outcomes	 KPI-based measurements Forecast errors to check difference between forecast and actual sales for given period Forecast MAPE to measure accuracy Forecast bias to check patterns of under/over forecasting 	•	Have the right set of process measurement KPIs

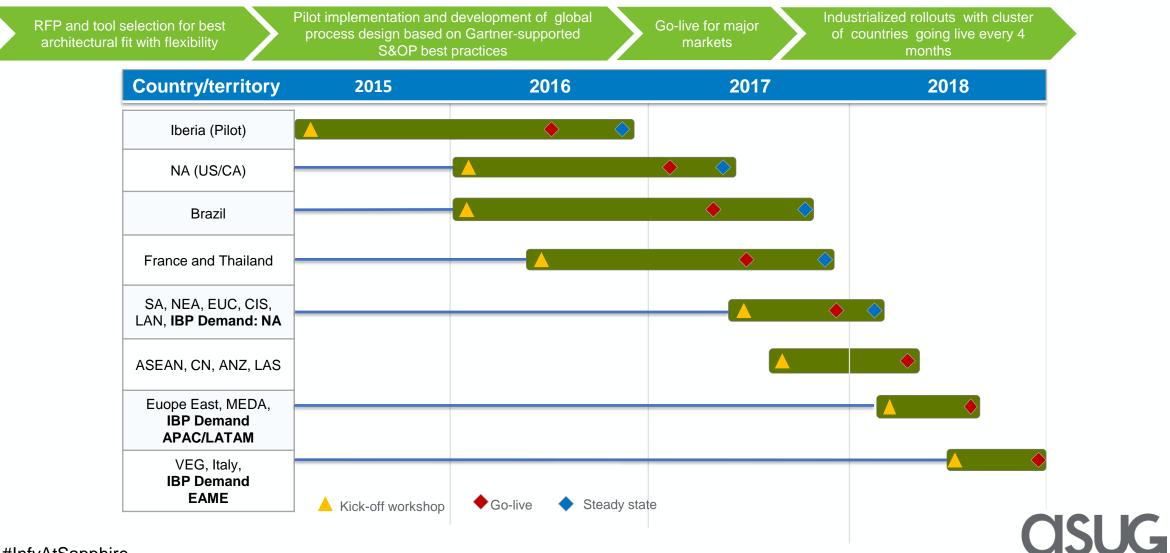


IBP monthly process design facilitated by IBP SOP & demand modules across the enterprise

Run statistical forecast and process improvement analytics (FVA)	Prepare process	Build, agree and communicate the latest unconstrained sales forecast	Build, agree and communicate the latest constrained sales plan
 Clean historical data Create/refresh statistical forecast Review and adjust statistical forecasts Execute process improvement analytics (Forecast Value-add Analytics) 	 Commercial and material forecasting hierarchies Master data Actuals (orders, shipments, etc.) Define DNA segments Product categorization Process measurement and analytics Update forecasted prices 	 Review by sales team Review by marketing Run sales forecast review meeting to agree on the latest unconstrained sales forecast Use statistical forecast Communicate unconstrained sales forecast 	 Run pre-S&OP to agree on the constrained view Review supply constraints and define allocation plan Run scenario planning Conduct an S&OP meeting and communicate output
WD -10	WD -5 to WD-1	WD -3 to WD 3	WD 5 to WD 7
Monthly timeline view			\rightarrow

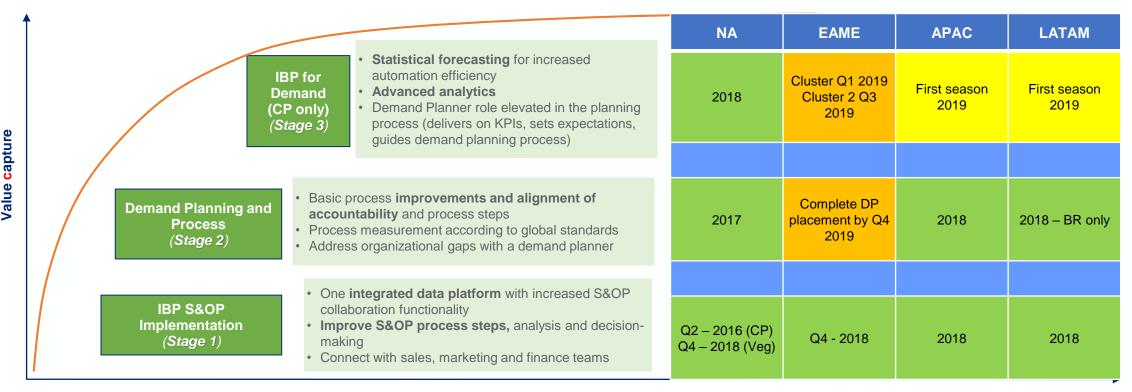
asug

IBP Program: Roadmap for S&OP and demand



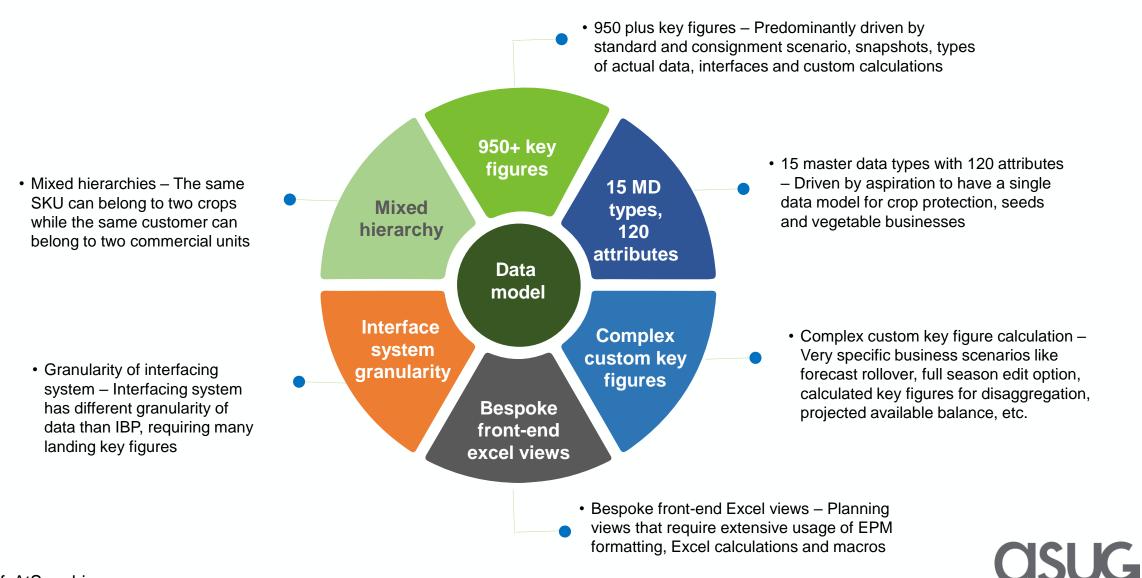
Where are we in our IBP implementation journey

- Over 90 countries, 5 regions CP, L&G, field crop seeds and vegetable businesses
- Nearly 500,000 planning combinations forecasted in IBP SOP for a single planning area
- Consolidation of 28 S&OP forecast platforms/processes into 1 global solution and process
- More than 1500 IBP SOP users with almost 200 key users (demand planners and S&OP managers)

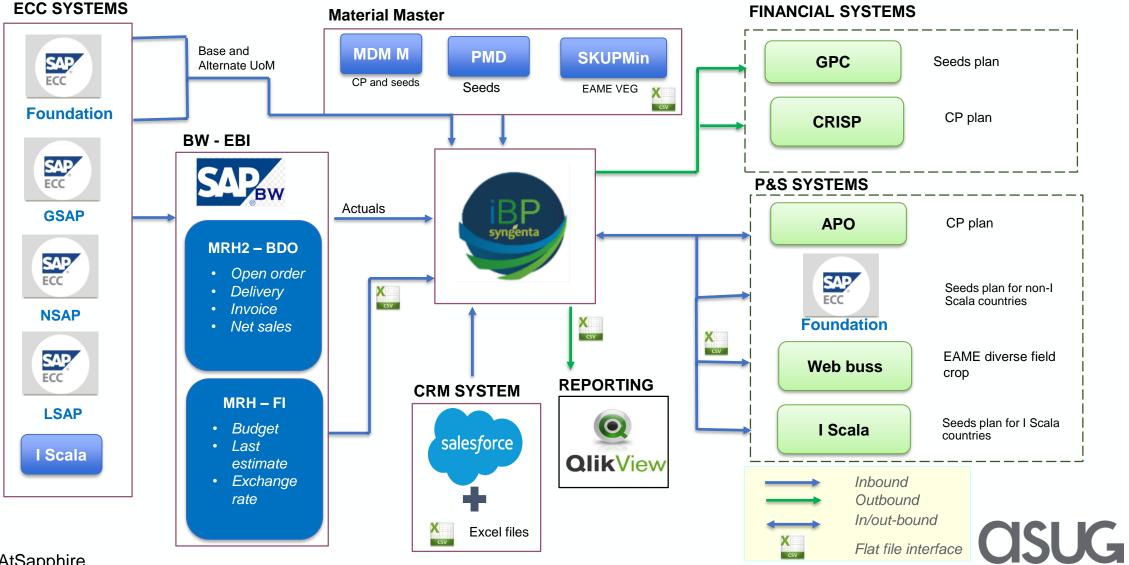




Technical design – IBP



Technical design – integration



Top 5 challenges during implementation

After the initial go-lives in 2017, several challenges arose, posing hurdles for future rollouts



Performance: More than 70% users reported performance issues. It was a challenge to analyze issues between machines, networks, etc. To ensure continuous iterative testing, it was recommended to have 3MBPS internet speed and 8GB RAM for laptops as well as network/laptop upgrades scheduled before go-live dates.



Scalability: Users in one part of the globe experienced poor performance for 'Save/Simulate' when batch jobs/copy operators were being run in other regions. Our action plan included SAP senior management for a short/mid/long term improvement with most issues being resolved with 1708 beta version released to Syngenta.

Design simplification in data model : Lifted the lowest level of data model from customer to commercial unit -1 level.



Pioneers in integration: Almost first in every integration. Syngenta was the first instance where SAP IBP was connected directly to APO, SFDC and SAP CRM systems. Outbound integration to the ECC system was done for the first time at Syngenta. Challenges faced during technical integration were resolved with SAP support and these resolutions are now standard OSS notes.



IBP Demand algorithms: ABC/XYZ operators, forecast accuracy lag calculation, triple exponential smoothening/best-fit were co-developed as part of the Syngenta project. There was an active co-innovation forum with SAP where new features and enhancements were requested on SAP IBP platform. Several of these requests raised during program implementation have been included by SAP in later IBP releases.

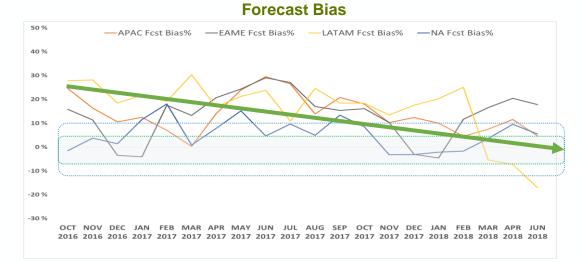


Complex supply optimizer rules: Specific business requirements for product substitution, delay and non-delivery fulfilment.



Business Benefits Delivered

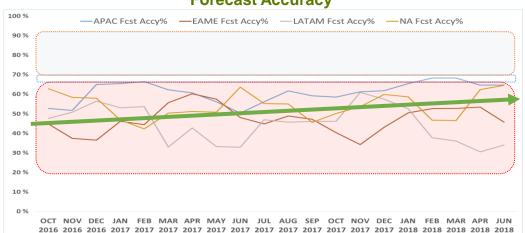
Forecast Bias: 42% reduction in positive forecast bias COGS error 2016 – 2018



Early Process Adopters drive benefits

	Average BIAS % over 12 Months (3 Month Agg/Lag Metric)				
Territory	Before IBP	IBP year 1	IBP year 2	IBP year 3	
IB	-20 %	-7.7 %	-5.2 %	-5 %	
NA	5.6 %	7.3 %	2.6 %		
BR	25 %	27 %	14.3 %		
FR	26 %	18 %			
SA	29 %	8.3 %			

Forecast Accuracy: Positive trend (+5%) – Statistical adoption key driver for improvement



Forecast Accuracy

NA 2018 season	LATAM & APAC – pilot 2019			
Fit in 30% CP portfolio	Fit for use in 25% CP Portfolio			
8% improvement in Accuracy9% Bias reduction17% reduction in Lost sales+90 man hours efficiencies	Early stage focused on driving adoption and use in process for accuracy & bias improvement and time savings			

Statistical Earocast Process Adoption

MSIK

Key lessons from the IBP implementation



Get senior management support to steer the business transformation globally and locally

Start with a pilot covering most of the diverse market scenarios and scale up in the biggest and influential design markets for further global rollouts



Ensure strong design governance because, as the rollout progresses, the decision of what should/should not remain in IBP at process/technical levels becomes challenging based on the local country requirements



Create a stable ERP and CRM landscape before implementing IBP since implementing both simultaneously is challenging. A stable ERP landscape can help in providing production data for user acceptance testing



Conduct data quality checks to discover early dependency and discipline on master and transactional data quality. Though IBP is a demand-driven project, higher dependency on supply and finance process and data influences the success of the implementation



Collaborate and co-innovate with SAP to share business requirements as well as prioritize/influence/gain an early view of the development of new features. Several requirements raised during program implementation have been included by SAP in new IBP releases.



The road ahead

#InfyAtSapphire

Short term plan

- Create an automated master data and planning combination
- Schedule automation using Redwood
- Introduce web UI and process management
- Use dashboards and analytics

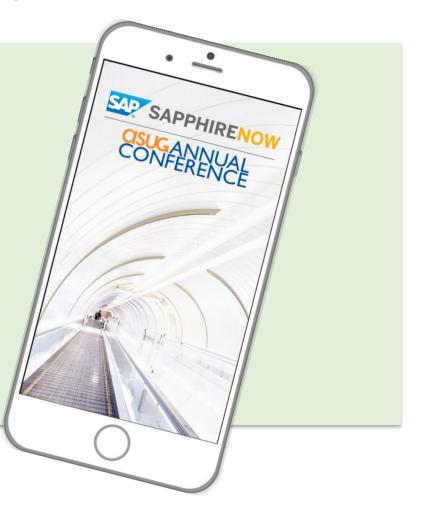
Medium term plan

- Use statistical forecasting to automate processes
- Use time series analysis and product categorization
- Incorporate machine learning-based forecast algorithms and gradient boosting
- Develop data-driven demand planning roles and capabilities
- Include assumption-based planning and events management in IBP

CISUG

Take the session survey.

We want to hear from you! Please evaluate our session on the SAPPHIRE NOW ASUG Annual Conference mobile app.





Presentation materials

Access the slides from 2019 ASUG Annual Conference here: <u>http://info.asug.com/2019-ac-slides</u>





For questions after this session, contact us at:

matt.mccall@syngenta.com Nikhil_balkundi@Infosys.com



Visit Infosys at booth no. 632



Be Social.

Stay connected. Share your SAP experiences anytime, anywhere.

Join the ASUG conversation on social media: @ASUG365 #ASUG



