

Solution Manager 7.2 SOS:

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About the Speakers

Mark Hansraj

- SAP Solution manager specialist, IBM
- 15 years of Work with SAP Solution Manager
- I help our Boys scout to make great life choices.

Jack Mays

- SAP Security specialist, IBM
- 16 years of working in SAP security. (Thanks to Kimberly F. Who steered me SOS)
- I build Escape Rooms!



Key
Outcomes/Objectives

Utilizing a tool you already have at no additional license cost

Safer systems

Less Risk



Agenda

What is Solution Manager 7.2 SOS?

Why do I care?

It really does that?

General information from the report

Suggestions



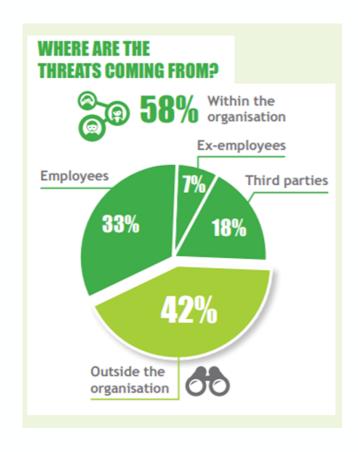
(<u>SOS</u>) or Security **Optimization** Service **Analysis**

 This is a wonderful tool that is included in Solution Manager so you already own it. Use it to check your entire system for vulnerabilities both inside and outside of your company.



Business case SAP Security

- What are the threats?
- Hackers (Internal and external)
 - Insiders can steal or leak information they can usually do so with far greater ease than outsiders with out evidence of intrusion
 - Employees may unintentionally compromise security, usually caught up in a business requirement
- Market competitors
- Employees





Security Optimization Service Analysis

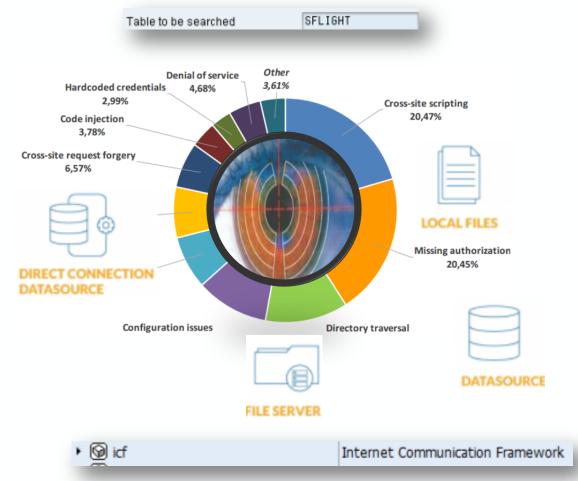
Proactively identifying security risk

Reduce security audits

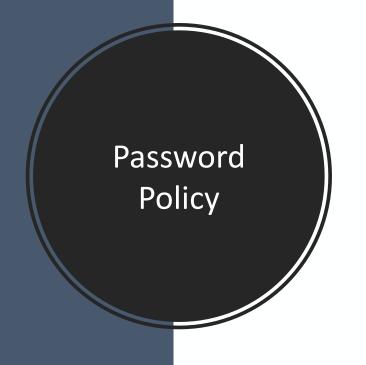


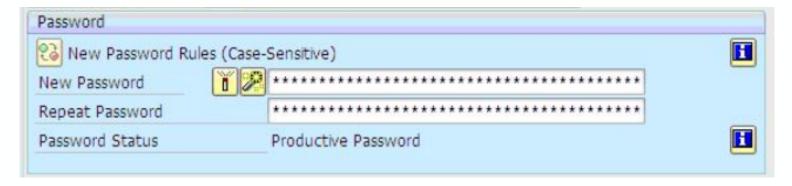
System venerability We found over 100 ways to hack the system in our report

- Password Policy
- General Authentication
- Administration and authorization
- Data & Program Access
- Change Control
- Development
- > Transport Control
- User management
- Super Users
- > Role & Authorization Management
- Authorizations
- Internet Communication Framework
- > PSE Management









- Complexity
- Initial password
- Security Attacks indicated by user lock due to incorrect Logon Attempts



General Authentication

Users have not login for extended period of time.

Security Critical events for end users are not logged in the security Audit log.

Multiple Logons using same use ID not prevented.

User account has the right to change password

Interval for long productive password is too long. (can continue to try to login as many times as they want)

Users have access to Trusted SSO table. (add system as trusted)



Administration and authorization



ME21 - Create Purchase Order





Users other than system Administer can

maintain system profiles

start stop application servers

Authorized to Start/Stop Work processes Are Authorized to Lock/Unlock Transactions

Are Authorized to Maintain Other User's Lock Entries

Are Authorized to Maintain Own Lock Entries (Inconsistencies due to incorrect deletion of locks are possible)

Are Authorized to Delete or Reprocess Broken Updates

Are Authorized to Activate a Trace

Locks may stay in the database after users terminate their sessions incorrectly.

Security Audit Log is not active

Sending Trace Data to Remote Client

Authorized to Display Other Users Spool Requests (allows unauthorized access to sensitive data)

Authorized to Change the Owner of Spool Requests (authorization allows unauthorized access to sensitive data contained in spool requests after the ownership has been changed.) Are Authorized to Redirect a Print Request to Another Printer

Are Authorized to Export a Print Request (unauthorized access to sensitive data)

Are Authorized to Schedule Jobs (Unauthorized background administration can result in: - Inconsistencies - Loss of information - Unauthorized execution of critical programs)

Are Authorized to Schedule Jobs in External Commands Are Authorized to Schedule Jobs Under Another User Id

Are Authorized to Define External OS Commands

Are Authorized to Execute External OS Commands

Are Authorized to View Content of OS Files with AL11

(Unauthorized access to sensitive data stored in files at operating system level, for example /etc/passwd on UNIX and interface files with sensitive data.)

Unexpected RFC Connections with Complete Logon Data Found (a direct logon to the target system without any further password check could be possible.)

Are Authorized to Administer RFC Connections

Are Authorized to Maintain Trusting Systems

Permit-all simulation mode is active for the RFC gateway (ignores any existing access control entries)

Users Are Authorized to Run Any RFC Function without authorization check (In Release 4.6C, for example, there are approximately 14000 RFC-enabled function modules)

are Authorized to Visualize All Tables via RFC (Unauthorized access to sensitive data by means of RFC)

Incoming RFC with Expired Password is Allowed

Users authorized for Trusted RFC

Users authorized for Trusted RFC which can be called from any calling user

Unexpected Trusted System Connections Found

Authorized to Maintain Trusted Systems

Allowed to Maintain the ALE Distribution Model

Allowed to Maintain the Partner Profile



Data & Program Access

- Are Authorized to Start All Reports
- Authorized to Display All Tables (Unauthorized access to sensitive data)
- Authorized to Maintain All Tables (Unauthorized maintenance of sensitive data)
- Authorized to Change the Authorization Group of Table
- Authorized to Administer Queries
- Authorized to Execute All Function Modules



Critical security issues were found in your system. See the information in the following sections.



Change Control

System Change Option Not Appropriately Configured in the Production System (Threats that arise with the possibility of development in production systems: - Malfunction of system due to programs that have not been tested properly - Unauthorized data access with modified or self-developed programs)

Are Authorized to Change the System Change Option Are Authorized to Change the Client Change Option(Development is possible in the production system by all of the following persons)

Are Authorized to Create New Clients (logons are permitted with the hard-coded user SAP*

Users Are Authorized to Delete Clients

Authorized to Development in the Production System Authorized to Debug and Replace Field Values in the Production System Unauthorized access to data and functions since any authorization checks can be bypassed with this authorization)

Authorized to Perform Customizing in the Production System Authorized to Develop Queries in the Production System

Authorized to Execute CATTs in the Production System (Unauthorized data transfer into the SAP system)

Authorized to Execute eCATTs in the Production System (Unauthorized data transfer into the SAP system) SAPgui User Scripting Is Enabled (possibility of misuse as it is possible to record sensitive data, for example when creating a new user or changing a user's password.)

Table Logging Is Not Enabled for Import (Lack of information for tracking unauthorized changes to Customizing)



Development



Development Sources Are Not Scanned for Critical Statements (Coding might contain certain statements (listed as "Critical Statements" in the Code Inspector results) that are critical to security or endanger program stability. Examples include: - INSERT REPORT (ABAP command) - EDITOR-CALL FOR REPORT (ABAP command) - DELETE_USER_ON_DB (function module) - BAPI_USER_* (function modules))



Transport Control

- Are Authorized to Change the TMS
 Configuration(Inconsistencies due to
 incorrectly configured CTS)
- Authorized to Start Imports to Production
- Are Authorized to Create and Release Transports
- Authorized to Approve Transports
- Transports Are Not Scanned for Virus



Development



Quality



Production



User Management

Authorized to Maintain Users

Authorized to Change Their Own User Master Record

User Master Data Is Not Regularly Synchronized with a Corporate LDAP Directory

Users with Authorizations for User and Role/Profile/Authorization Maintenance(User and role maintenance must be segregated so that user administrators cannot change their own authorizations.)

Reference Users Are Used

Are Authorized to Access Tables with User Data(Avoid dictionary attacks on passwords stored in table USR02

Are Authorized to Call Function Modules for User Admin



Super Users

Unexpected Users Are Authorized to Change a Super User Accounts

Not all profiles are removed from user SAP*

User SAP*'s activities are not logged in the Security Audit Log

User DDIC's activities are not logged in the Security Audit Log

User EARLYWATCH's activities are not logged in the Security Audit Log



Role & Authorization Management

Users Are Authorized to Maintain Roles Directly in the Production System

Users Are Authorized to Maintain Profiles Directly in the Production System

Users Are Authorized to Maintain Authorizations Directly in the Production System

SAP Standard Roles Are Assigned to Users

Profiles on Long Time Locked Users



Authorizations

Users Are Authorized to Disable Authorization Checks Within Transactions Users Are Authorized to Delete an Authorization Check Before Transaction Start

Global Disabling of Authority Checks Is Not Prevented



Internet Communication Framework

Are Authorized to Activate ICF Services

Are Authorized to Administrate the ICM

Are Authorized to Display the http Server Cache

Are Authorized to Configure the ICM Monitor(Unauthorized change of ICM services)

ICM (Internet Communication Manager) Is Active (Backdoor entry to the system via the Web Application Server)



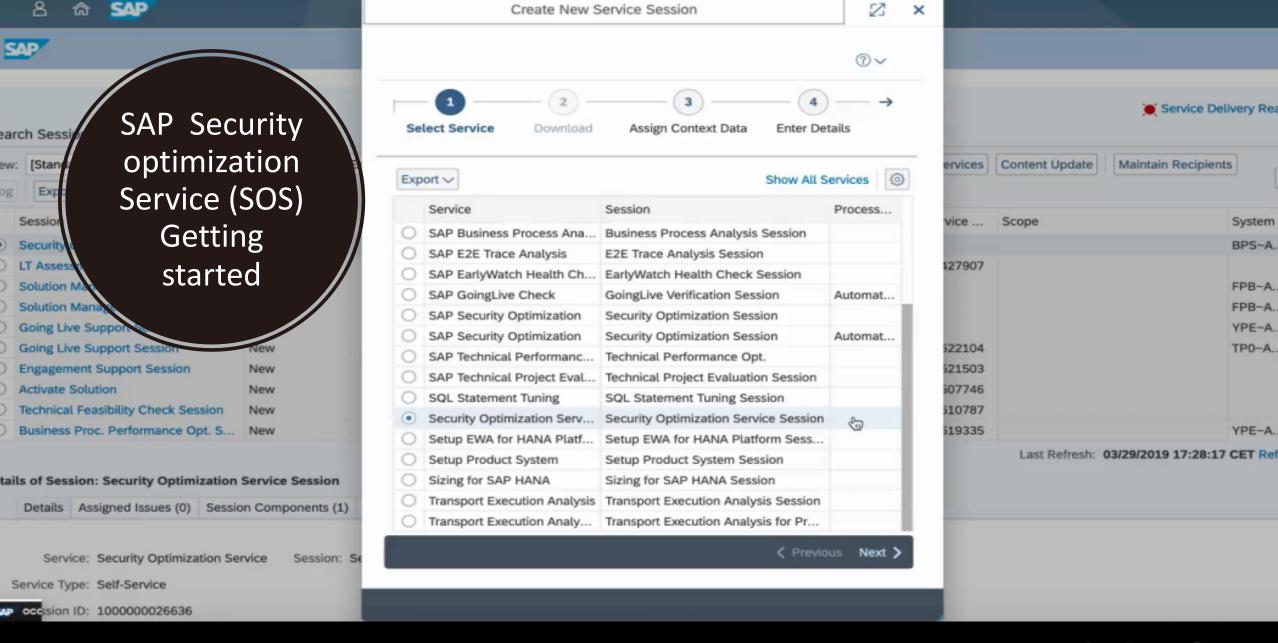
PSE Management

Are Authorized to Maintain the System PSE's

J2EE Engines Allowed to Access the Application Server

Users Authorized to Maintain the Sending Systems for User Replication

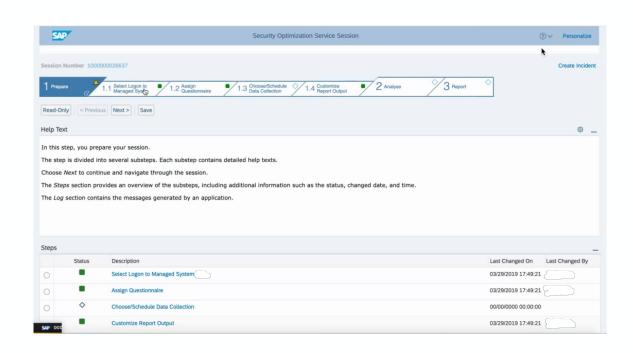




Create New Service Session



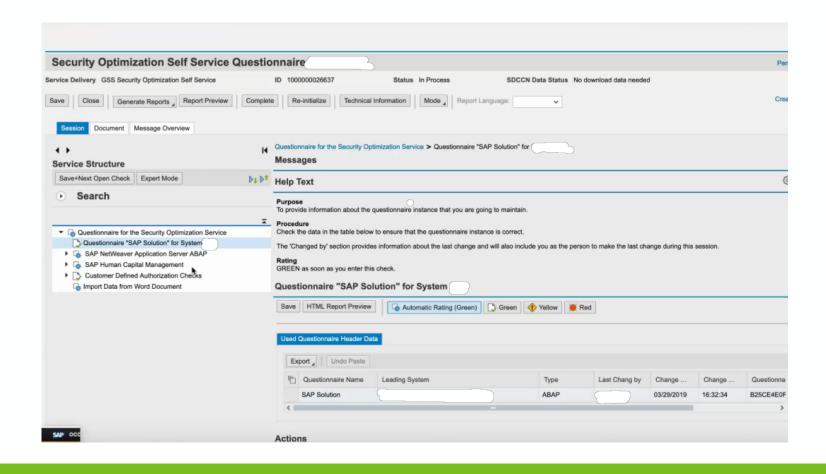
Setup





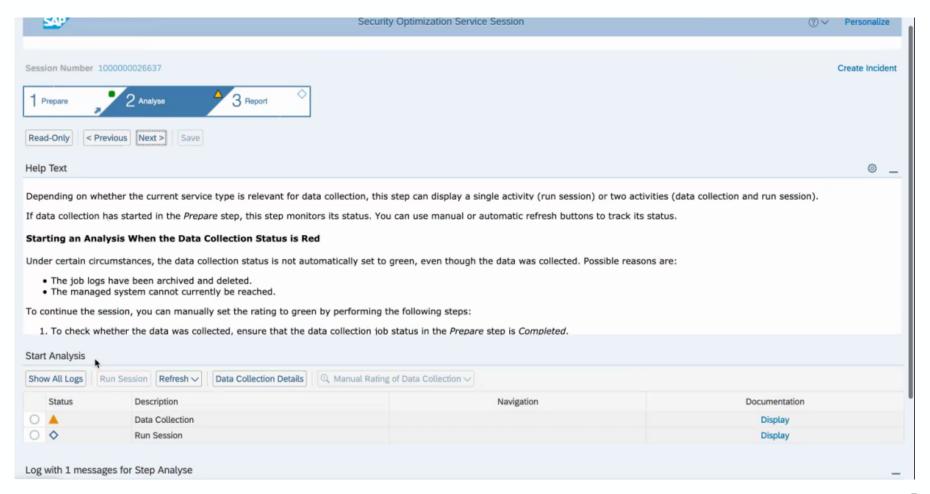


A look at the Questionnaire.



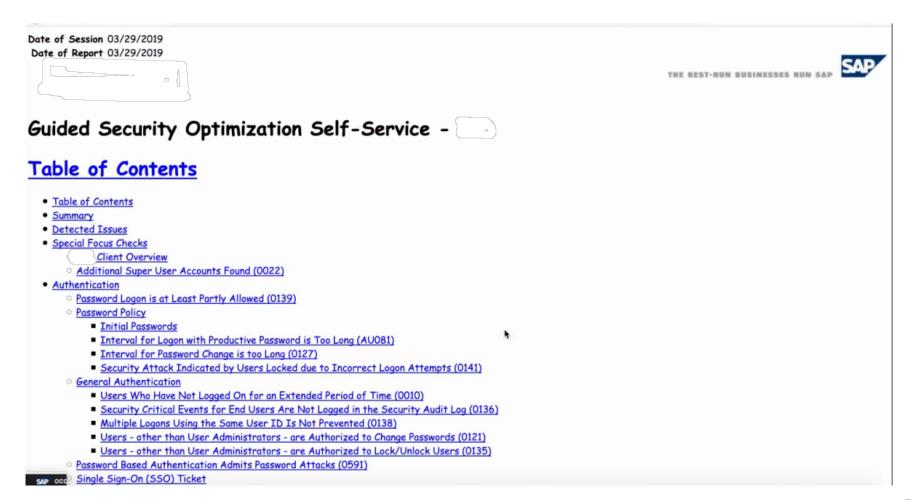


Almost there





What does the report look like?





Report view Example:

Initial Passwords

Users with Initial Passwords Who Have Never Logged On

Client Initial Passwords [%]

Evaluated Risk - High

Recommendation:

Check why so many users have initial passwords. Ask these users to change their passwords using the profile parameter login/password_change_for_SSO, for example. Or delete these users if they do not need access to the SAP system. You can use report RSUSR200 of the User Information System (transaction SUIM) to identity users with initial passwords



Summary

01

Decrease the risk of a system intrusion

02

Ensure the confidentiality of your business data

03

Ensure the authenticity of your users

04

Substantially reduce the risk of costly downtime due to wrong user interaction.



Additional links

- SAP Note 863362 EarlyWatch Alert (EWA) report Security chapter
- Change Diagnostics
- Configuration Validation
- Security Audit Log
- SIS264 Securing Remote Access within SAP NetWeaver AS ABAP
- Protecting SAP Applications Against Common Attacks
- Secure Configuration SAP NetWeaver Application Server ABAP
- SAP Security Recommendations: Securing Remote Function Calls (RFC)
- Governance, Risk, and Compliance Access Control
- Governance, Risk, and Compliance Process Control
- SAP NetWeaver Identity Management



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Presentation Materials

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Q&A

For questions after this session, contact us at MH1@IBM.COM and Jack.Mays1@IBM.COM.



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